

Safety Data Sheet



Section 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product Name • **Flammable Gas Mixture Containing the Following Component in a Nitrogen Balance Gas: Methane, 14.3 - > 99%; Carbon Dioxide, 0.0005 - 50.0%**

Product Code • 50051

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified use(s) • Calibration of Monitoring and Research Equipment

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer • Air Liquide
2700 Post Oak Blvd.
Houston, TX 77056
United States
www.us.airliquide.com
sds@airliquide.com

Telephone (Technical) • 713-896-2896

Telephone (Technical) • 800-819-1704

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Manufacturer • 800-424-9300 - CHEMTREC

Manufacturer • +1 703-527-3887 - Outside United States

Section 2: Hazards Identification

EU/EEC

According to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP)/REACH 1907/2006 [amended by 453/2010]

According to EU Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) or 1999/45/EC (DPD)

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLP • Flammable Gases 1 - H220
Compressed Gas - H280

DSD/DPD • Extremely Flammable (F+)
R12

2.2 Label Elements

CLP

DANGER



- Hazard statements**
- H220 - Extremely flammable gas
 - H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated

Precautionary statements

- Prevention**
- P210 - Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking.
- Response**
- P377 - Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely.
 - P381 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so.
- Storage/Disposal**
- P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

DSD/DPD



- Risk phrases**
- R12 - Extremely flammable.
- Safety phrases**
- S9 - Keep container in a well ventilated place
 - S16 - Keep away from sources of ignition - No Smoking.

2.3 Other Hazards

- CLP**
- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. Inhalation of carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate. According to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP) this material is considered hazardous.

- DSD/DPD**
- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. Inhalation of carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate. According to European Directive 1999/45/EC this preparation is considered dangerous.

United States (US)

According to OSHA 29 CFR 1910.1200 HCS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- OSHA HCS 2012**
- Flammable Gases 1 - H220
 - Compressed Gas - H280
 - Simple Asphyxiant

2.2 Label elements

OSHA HCS 2012

DANGER



- Hazard statements**
- Extremely flammable gas - H220
 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated - H280
 - May displace oxygen and cause rapid suffocation.

Precautionary statements

- Prevention**
- Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames and/or hot surfaces. - No smoking. - P210
- Response**
- Leaking gas fire: Do not extinguish, unless leak can be stopped safely. - P377
 - Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. - P381
- Storage/Disposal**
- Store in a well-ventilated place. - P403

2.3 Other hazards

- OSHA HCS 2012**
- Inhalation of carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate. Under United States Regulations (29 CFR 1910.1200 - Hazard Communication Standard), this product is considered hazardous.

Canada According to WHMIS

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

- WHMIS
- Compressed Gas - A
Flammable Gases - B1

2.2 Label elements

WHMIS



- Compressed Gas - A
Flammable Gases - B1

2.3 Other hazards

WHMIS

- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. Inhalation of carbon dioxide can increase respiration and heart rate. In Canada, the product mentioned above is considered hazardous under the Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS).

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients

3.1 Substances

- Material does not meet the criteria of a substance in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

3.2 Mixtures

Composition				
Chemical Name	Identifiers	%	LD50/LC50	Classifications According to Regulation/Directive
Methane	CAS:74-82-8 EINECS:200-812-7	14.3% TO 100%	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Annex VI, Table 3.2 - F+; R12 EU CLP: Annex VI, Table 3.1 - Flam. Gas 1, H220; Press. Gas. - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Flam. Gas 1; Press. Gas - Comp; Simp. Asphyx.
Carbon dioxide	CAS:124-38-9 EINECS:204-696-9	0.0005% TO 50%	Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 470000 ppm 30 Minute(s)	EU DSD/DPD: Not Classified EU CLP: Self Classified - Press. Gas - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simp. Asphyx.
Nitrogen	CAS:7727-37-9 EINECS:231-783-9	Balance	NDA	EU DSD/DPD: Not Classified EU CLP: Self Classified - Press. Gas - Comp., H280 OSHA HCS 2012: Press. Gas - Comp.; Simp. Asphyx.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation**
- IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Administer oxygen if breathing is difficult. Give artificial respiration if victim is not breathing. If signs/symptoms continue, get medical attention.
- Skin**
- Although exposure is unlikely, in case of contact immediately flush skin with running water. If skin irritation develops get medical advice/attention.
- Eye**
- First aid is not expected to be necessary if material is used under ordinary conditions and as recommended. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
- Ingestion**
- Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

- Refer to Section 11 - Toxicological Information.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to Physician**
- All treatments should be based on observed signs and symptoms of distress in the patient. Consideration should be given to the possibility that overexposure to materials other than this product may have occurred.

4.4 Other information

- Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved and take precautions to protect themselves. RESCUERS SHOULD NOT ATTEMPT TO RETRIEVE VICTIMS OF EXPOSURE TO GASES WITHOUT ADEQUATE PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT. At a minimum, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus must be worn. Victim(s) who experience any adverse effect after over-exposure to this gas mixture must be taken for medical attention. Rescuers should be taken for medical attention if necessary. Take a copy of the label and the MSDS to physician or other health professional with victim(s).

Section 5 - Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable Extinguishing Media**
- SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical or CO₂.
LARGE FIRES: Water spray or fog.

- Unsuitable Extinguishing Media**
- No data available

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards**
- EXTREMELY FLAMMABLE
Will form explosive mixtures with air.
Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back.
Cylinders exposed to fire may vent and release flammable gas through pressure relief devices.
Containers may explode when heated.
Ruptured cylinders may rocket.

- Hazardous Combustion Products**
- No data available

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible.
Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
DO NOT EXTINGUISH A LEAKING GAS FIRE UNLESS LEAK CAN BE STOPPED
Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk.
FIRE: If tank, rail car or tank truck is involved in a fire, ISOLATE for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions; also, consider initial evacuation for 1600 meters (1 mile) in all directions.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: ALWAYS stay away from tanks engulfed in fire.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Fight fire from maximum distance or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Withdraw immediately in case of rising sound from venting safety devices or discoloration of tank.

FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Cool containers with flooding quantities of water until well after fire is out.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: Do not direct water at source of leak or safety devices; icing may occur.
FIRE INVOLVING TANKS: For massive fire, use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles; if this is impossible, withdraw from area and let fire burn.

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Personal Precautions

- Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Ventilate the area before entry.

Emergency Procedures

- ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area for at least 100 meters (330 feet) in all directions. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Keep unauthorized personnel away. Keep out of low areas. Stay upwind. LARGE SPILL: Consider initial downwind evacuation for at least 800 meters (1/2 mile)

6.2 Environmental precautions

- Prevent spreading of vapors through sewers, ventilation systems and confined areas.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Containment/Clean-up Measures

- All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Stop leak if you can do it without risk. If possible, turn leaking containers so that gas escapes rather than liquid. Use water spray to reduce vapors; do not put water directly on leak, spill area or inside container. Do not direct water at spill or source of leak. Isolate area until gas has dispersed.

6.4 Reference to other sections

- Refer to Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection and Section 13 - Disposal Considerations.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Handling

- Keep away from heat and ignition sources – No Smoking. Take precautionary measures against static charges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use only non-sparking tools. Use only with adequate ventilation. Ventilate closed spaces before entering. Be aware of any signs of dizziness or fatigue, especially if work is done in a poorly ventilated area; exposures to fatal concentrations of this gas mixture could occur without any significant warning symptoms, due to olfactory fatigue or oxygen deficiency. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over. Use explosion-proof - electrical, ventilating and/or lighting equipment. Do not attempt to repair, adjust, or in any other way modify cylinders. If there is a malfunction or another type of operational problem, contact nearest distributor immediately. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not cut, weld, puncture or incinerate container.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage

- Cylinders should be stored in dry, well-ventilated areas away from sources of heat, ignition and direct sunlight. Do not allow area where cylinders are stored to exceed 52C (125F). Cylinders must be protected from the environment, and preferably kept at room temperature approximately 21C (70F). Protect cylinders against physical damage. Cylinders should be firmly secured to prevent falling or being knocked-over. Store locked up.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Refer to Section 1.2 - Relevant identified uses.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control parameters

Exposure Limits/Guidelines						
	Result	ACGIH	Canada Ontario	Canada Quebec	China	Europe
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	TWAs	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWA	5000 ppm TWAEV; 9000 mg/m3 TWAEV	9000 mg/m3 TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA
	STELs	30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEL	30000 ppm STEV; 54000 mg/m3 STEV	18000 mg/m3 STEL	Not established
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA (listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)	1000 ppm TWA	Not established	Not established	Not established
Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Con't.)						
	Result	France	Germany DFG	Germany TRGS	Ireland	Israel
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	TWAs	5000 ppm TWA [VME] (indicative limit); 9000 mg/m3 TWA [VME] (indicative limit)	Not established	5000 ppm TWA AGW (exposure factor 2); 9100 mg/m3 TWA AGW (exposure factor 2)	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA	5000 ppm TWA
	STELs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	30000 ppm STEL
	Ceilings	Not established	10000 ppm Peak; 18200 mg/m3 Peak	Not established	Not established	Not established
	MAKs	Not established	5000 ppm TWA MAK; 9100 mg/m3 TWA MAK	Not established	Not established	Not established
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	1000 ppm TWA	1000 ppm TWA (gas, listed under Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-4)
Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Con't.)						
	Result	Italy	NIOSH	OSHA	OSHA Vacated	Portugal
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	STELs	Not established	30000 ppm STEL; 54000 mg/m3 STEL	Not established	30000 ppm STEL; 54000 mg/m3 STEL	30000 ppm STEL [VLE-CD]
	TWAs	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA	5000 ppm TWA; 9000 mg/m3 TWA	10000 ppm TWA; 18000 mg/m3 TWA	5000 ppm TWA [VLE-MP]
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	Not established	Not established	Not established	Not established	1000 ppm TWA [VLE-MP]
Exposure Limits/Guidelines (Con't.)						
	Result	Spain		Sweden		
Carbon dioxide (124-38-9)	TWAs	5000 ppm TWA [VLA-ED] (indicative limit value); 9150 mg/m3 TWA [VLA-ED] (indicative limit value)		5000 ppm LLV; 9000 mg/m3 LLV		
	STELs	Not established		10000 ppm STV; 18000 mg/m3 STV		
Methane (74-82-8)	TWAs	1000 ppm TWA [VLA-ED]		Not established		

Exposure Control Notations

Portugal

- Nitrogen (7727-37-9): **Simple Asphyxiants:** (Simple Asphyxiant)

Ireland

- Methane (74-82-8): **Simple Asphyxiants:** (Asphyxiant)
- Nitrogen (7727-37-9): **Simple Asphyxiants:** (Asphyxiant)

Spain

- Nitrogen (7727-37-9): **Simple Asphyxiants:** (simple asphyxiant)

8.2 Exposure controls

Engineering Measures/Controls

- Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Use explosion-proof - electrical, ventilating and/or lighting equipment.

Personal Protective Equipment

Respiratory

- In case of insufficient ventilation, wear suitable respiratory equipment.

Eye/Face

- Wear safety glasses.

Skin/Body

- Wear leather gloves when handling cylinders.

Environmental Exposure Controls

- Follow best practice for site management and disposal of waste. Controls should be engineered to prevent release to the environment, including procedures to prevent spills, atmospheric release and release to waterways.

Key to abbreviations

ACGIH = American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygiene

STEL = Short Term Exposure Limits are based on 15-minute exposures

LLV = Limit Level Value is the exposure limit for 8-hour work day

STEV = Short Term Exposure Value

MAK = Maximale Arbeitsplatz Konzentration is the maximum permissible concentration

TWAEV = Time-Weighted Average Exposure Value

NIOSH = National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

TWA = Time-Weighted Averages are based on 8h/day, 40h/week exposures

OSHA = Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Physical and Chemical Properties

Material Description			
Physical Form	Gas	Appearance/Description	Colorless gas with no odor.
Color	Colorless	Odor	Odorless
Odor Threshold	Data lacking		
General Properties			
Boiling Point	Data lacking	Melting Point	Data lacking
Decomposition Temperature	Data lacking	pH	Data lacking
Specific Gravity/Relative Density	Data lacking	Water Solubility	Data lacking
Viscosity	Data lacking	Explosive Properties	Not explosive.
Oxidizing Properties:	Not an oxidizer.		
Volatility			
Vapor Pressure	Data lacking	Vapor Density	Data lacking
Evaporation Rate	Data lacking		
Flammability			
Flash Point	-187.7 C(-305.86 F) (Methane)	UEL	15 % (Methane)

LEL	5 % (Methane)	Autoignition	650 C(1202 F) (Methane)
Flammability (solid, gas)	Flammable gas.		
Environmental			
Octanol/Water Partition coefficient	Data lacking		

9.2 Other Information

- No additional physical and chemical parameters noted.

Section 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

- No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

10.2 Chemical stability

- Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

- Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

- Excess heat, sparks, open flame.

10.5 Incompatible materials

- Methane is incompatible with strong oxidizers (i.e. chlorine, bromine pentafluoride, oxygen difluoride, and nitrogen trifluoride) Nitrogen reacts with Li, Nd, and Ti at high temperatures.

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

- Methane will thermally decompose in air to generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Components	
Carbon dioxide (0.0005% TO 50%)	124- 38-9 Acute Toxicity: Inhalation-Rat LC50 • 470000 ppm 30 Minute(s); Reproductive: Inhalation-Rat TCLo • 6 pph 24 Hour(s)(10D preg); <i>Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Musculoskeletal system; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Cardiovascular (circulatory) system; Reproductive Effects:Specific Developmental Abnormalities:Respiratory system</i>

GHS Properties	Classification
Acute toxicity	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Aspiration Hazard	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Carcinogenicity	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met

Skin corrosion/Irritation	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Skin sensitization	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
STOT-RE	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
STOT-SE	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Toxicity for Reproduction	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Respiratory sensitization	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met
Serious eye damage/Irritation	EU/CLP • Classification criteria not met OSHA HCS 2012 • Classification criteria not met

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation

Acute (Immediate)

- This material is a simple asphyxiant. May displace or reduce oxygen available for breathing especially in confined spaces. If this material is released in a small, poorly ventilated area (i.e. an enclosed or confined space), an oxygen-deficient environment may occur. Individuals breathing such an atmosphere may experience symptoms which include headaches, ringing in ears, dizziness, drowsiness, unconsciousness, nausea, vomiting, and depression of all the senses. Under some circumstances of over-exposure, death may occur. The following effects associated with decreased levels of oxygen: increase in breathing and pulse rate, emotional upset, abnormal fatigue, nausea, vomiting, collapse, loss of consciousness, convulsive movements, respiratory collapse and death.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available

Skin

Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available

Eye

Acute (Immediate)

- Under normal conditions of use, no health effects are expected.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available

Ingestion

Acute (Immediate)

- Ingestion is not anticipated to be a likely route of exposure to this product.

Chronic (Delayed)

- No data available

Key to abbreviations

LC = Lethal Concentration

TC = Toxic Concentration

Section 12 - Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity

- Material data lacking.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

- Material data lacking.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

- Material data lacking.

12.4 Mobility in Soil

- Material data lacking.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- No PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted.

12.6 Other adverse effects

- No studies have been found.

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product waste

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Packaging waste

- Dispose of content and/or container in accordance with local, regional, national, and/or international regulations.

Section 14 - Transport Information

	14.1 UN number	14.2 UN proper shipping name	14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	14.4 Packing group	14.5 Environmental hazards
DOT	UN1954	Compressed gases, flammable, n.o.s. (Methane, Nitrogen)	2.1	NDA	NDA
TDG	UN1954	COMPRESSED GASES, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methane, Nitrogen)	2.1	NDA	Potential Marine Pollutant
IMO/IMDG	UN1954	COMPRESSED GASES, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Methane, Nitrogen)	2.1	NDA	NDA
IATA/ICAO	UN1954	Compressed gases, flammable, n.o.s. (Methane, Nitrogen)	2.1	NDA	NDA

14.6 Special precautions for user

- Cylinders should be transported in a secure position, in a well-ventilated vehicle. The transportation of compressed gas cylinders in automobiles or in closed-body vehicles can present serious safety hazards. If transporting these cylinders in vehicles, ensure these cylinders are not exposed to extremely high temperatures (as may occur in an enclosed vehicle on a hot day). Additionally, the vehicle should be well-ventilated during transportation.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

- Not relevant.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

SARA Hazard Classifications • Acute, Fire, Pressure(Sudden Release of)

State Right To Know				
Component	CAS	MA	NJ	PA
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Yes	Yes	Yes
Methane	74-82-8	Yes	Yes	Yes
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	Yes	Yes

Inventory						
Component	CAS	Canada DSL	Canada NDSL	China	EU EINECS	EU ELNICS
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Methane	74-82-8	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No

Inventory (Con't.)		
Component	CAS	TSCA
Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Yes
Methane	74-82-8	Yes
Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Yes

Canada

Labor

Canada - WHMIS - Classifications of Substances

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	A; Uncontrolled product according to WHMIS classification criteria (solid)
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	A
• Methane	74-82-8	A, B1

Canada - WHMIS - Ingredient Disclosure List

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	1 %
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Environment

Canada - CEPA - Priority Substances List

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

China

Environment

China - Ozone Depleting Substances - First Schedule

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

China - Ozone Depleting Substances - Second Schedule

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

China - Ozone Depleting Substances - Third Schedule

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Other

China - Annex I & II - Controlled Chemicals Lists

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

China - Dangerous Goods List

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	(including solid or refrigerated liquid)
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	(compressed or refrigerated liquid)
• Methane	74-82-8	(compressed or refrigerated liquid)

China - Export Control List - Part I Chemicals

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Europe

Other

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Classification

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	F+; R12

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Concentration Limits

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Labelling

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	F+ R:12 S:(2)-9-16-33

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Notes - Substances and Preparations

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

EU - CLP (1272/2008) - Annex VI - Table 3.2 - Safety Phrases

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	S:(2)-9-16-33

Germany

Environment

Germany - TA Luft - Types and Classes

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 1

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	ID Number 256, not considered hazardous to water
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	ID Number 1351, not considered hazardous to water
• Methane	74-82-8	ID Number 1343, not considered hazardous to water

Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 2 - Water Hazard Classes

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Germany - Water Classification (VwVwS) - Annex 3

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Other

Germany - Specifically Regulated Chemicals in TRGS

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Portugal

Other

Portugal - Prohibited Substances

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United Kingdom

Environment

United Kingdom - Pollution Inventory - Schedule 1 - Thresholds for Releases to Air

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	10000000 kg (qualifying renewable fuel sources are reportable when the total amount of CO2 released is above 10 million kg); 10000000 kg
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	10000 kg

Other

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - Substances in Review

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United Kingdom - List of Dangerous Substances in Water

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United States

Labor

U.S. - OSHA - Process Safety Management - Highly Hazardous Chemicals

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - OSHA - Specifically Regulated Chemicals

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

Environment

U.S. - CAA (Clean Air Act) - 1990 Hazardous Air Pollutants

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Hazardous Substances and their Reportable Quantities

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Radionuclides and Their Reportable Quantities

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances EPCRA RQs

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances TPQs

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - Emission Reporting

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - CERCLA/SARA - Section 313 - PBT Chemical Listing

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United States - California

Environment

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Maximum Allowable Dose Levels (MADL)

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - No Significant Risk Levels (NSRL)

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

United States - Pennsylvania

Labor

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances

• Carbon dioxide	124-38-9	Not Listed
• Nitrogen	7727-37-9	Not Listed
• Methane	74-82-8	Not Listed

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

- No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Section 16 - Other Information

Last Revision Date • 05/September/2014

Preparation Date • 05/September/2014

Disclaimer/Statement of Liability

- To the best of Air Liquide's knowledge, the information contained herein is reliable and accurate as of this date; however, accuracy, suitability or completeness are not guaranteed and no warranties of any type, either express or implied, are provided. The information contained herein relates only to this specific product. If this gas mixture is combined with other materials, all component properties must be considered. Data may be changed from time to time. Be sure to consult the latest edition.

Key to abbreviations

NDA = No Data Available
